For Immediate Release

Subject: Excessive Heat Advisory

Excessive Heat Advisory - Excessive Heat Measures.

Kankakee – The National Weather Service has recently issued an excessive heat warning for today, June 29th, 2018 and Saturday June 30th, 2018. Heat kills by pushing the human body beyond its limits. In extreme heat and high humidity, evaporation is slowed and the body must work extra hard to maintain a normal temperature.

Most heat disorders occur because the victim has been overexposed to heat or has over-exercised for his or her age and physical condition. Older adults, young children, and those who are sick or overweight are more likely to succumb to extreme heat.

Conditions that can induce heat-related illnesses include stagnant atmospheric conditions and poor air quality. Consequently, people living in urban areas may be at greater risk from the effects of a prolonged heat wave than those living in rural areas. Also, asphalt and concrete store heat longer and gradually release heat at night, which can produce higher nighttime temperatures known as the "urban heat island effect."

Cooling Stations in Kankakee County

- **Bradley Public Library** – 296 N. Fulton Ave, Bradley (Business hours only)
- **Bradley Village Building** – 147 S. Michigan Ave., Bradley (Business hours only)
- **Bourbonnais Public Library** – 250 W. John Casey Rd., Bourbonnais (Business hours only)
- **Kankakee Public Library** – 201 E. Merchant St., Kankakee (Business hours only)
- **Kankakee County Building** – 189 E. Court St., Kankakee (Business hours only)
- **Kankakee County Health Dept.** – 2390 W Station St., Kankakee (Business hours only)
- **Leo Hassett Community Center** – 211 N. Maine St. Manteno (10am-10pm)
- **Momence Police Department** – 123 W. River St., Momence
- **Northfield Square Mall** – 1600 N State Rt 50, Bourbonnais (Business hours only)
- **Pembroke Township Senior Center** - 4019 S Wheeler Rd, Pembroke
- **River Valley Metro** – Once heat index reaches 100 degrees rides are free
- **Edward Chipman Public Library** – 126 N. Locust St., Momence (Business hours only)

Preparing for Excessive Heat

- Install window air conditioners snugly; insulate if necessary.
- Check air-conditioning ducts for proper insulation.
- Install temporary window reflectors (for use between windows and drapes), such as aluminum foil-covered cardboard, to reflect heat back outside.
- Weather-strip doors and sills to keep cool air in.
• Cover windows that receive morning or afternoon sun with drapes, shades, awnings, or louvers. (Outdoor awnings or louvers can reduce the heat that enters a home by up to 80 percent.)
• Keep storm windows up all year.

**During a Heat Emergency**

- Stay indoors as much as possible and limit exposure to the sun.
- Stay on the lowest floor out of the sunshine if air conditioning is not available.
- Consider spending the warmest part of the day in public buildings such as libraries, schools, movie theaters, shopping malls, and other community facilities.
- Circulating air can cool the body by increasing the perspiration rate of evaporation.
- **Check on family, friends, and neighbors who do not have air conditioning and who spend much of their time alone.**
- Eat well-balanced, light, and regular meals. Avoid using salt tablets unless directed to do so by a physician.
- Drink plenty of water. Persons who have epilepsy or heart, kidney, or liver disease; are on fluid-restricted diets; or have a problem with fluid retention should consult a doctor before increasing liquid intake.
- Limit intake of alcoholic beverages.
- Dress in loose-fitting, lightweight, and light-colored clothes that cover as much skin as possible.
- Protect face and head by wearing a wide-brimmed hat.
- Never leave children or pets alone in closed vehicles.
- Avoid strenuous work during the warmest part of the day. Use a buddy system when working in extreme heat, and take frequent breaks.

**First Aid for Heat-Induced Illnesses**

Extreme heat brings with it the possibility of heat-induced illnesses. The following table lists these illnesses, their symptoms, and the first aid treatment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Symptoms</th>
<th>First Aid</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sunburn</td>
<td>Skin redness and pain, possible swelling, blisters, fever, Headaches</td>
<td>Take a shower using soap to remove oils that may block pores, preventing the body from cooling naturally. Apply dry, sterile dressings to any blisters, and get medical attention.</td>
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<td>Heat Cramps</td>
<td>Painful spasms, usually in leg and abdominal muscles; heavy sweating</td>
<td>Get the victim to a cooler location. Lightly stretch and gently massage affected muscles to relieve spasms. Give sips of up to a half glass of cool water every 15 minutes. (Do not give liquids with caffeine or alcohol.) Discontinue liquids, if victim is nauseated.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Heat Exhaustion</td>
<td>Heavy sweating but skin may be cool, pale, or flushed. Weak pulse. Normal body temperature is possible, but temperature will likely rise. Fainting or dizziness, nausea, vomiting, exhaustion, and headaches are possible.</td>
<td>Get victim to lie down in a cool place. Loosen or remove clothing. Apply cool, wet clothes. Fan or move victim to air-conditioned place. Give sips of water if victim is conscious. Be sure water is consumed slowly. Give half glass of cool water every 15 minutes. Discontinue water if victim is nauseated. Seek immediate medical attention if vomiting occurs.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Heat Stroke (a severe medical emergency)</td>
<td>High body temperature (105+); hot, red, dry skin; rapid, weak pulse; and rapid shallow breathing. Victim will probably not sweat unless victim was sweating from recent strenuous activity. Possible unconsciousness.</td>
<td>Call 9-1-1 or emergency medical services, or get the victim to a hospital immediately. Delay can be fatal. Move victim to a cooler environment. Removing clothing Try a cool bath, sponging, or wet sheet to reduce body temperature. Watch for breathing problems. Use extreme caution. Use fans and air conditioners.</td>
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